

Scripps Pediatric Dentistry has adopted this brief guide based on AAPD'S to help parents and caregivers be prepared for most common types of childhood



WHAT TO DO IF...

A BABY TOOTH IS KNOCKED OUT



- Contact your pediatric dentist as soon as possible. QUICK ACTION can lessen a child's discomfort and PREVENT INFECTION.
- Rinse the mouth with water and apply COLD COMPRESSES to reduce swelling.
- Spend time COMFORTING THE CHILD rather than looking for the tooth.Remember, baby teeth should not be replanted because of potential damage to developing permanent teeth.

A TOOTH IS CHIPPED OR BROKEN



- Contact your pediatric dentist IMMEDIATELY.
 Fast action can save the tooth, prevent infection and reduce the need for extensive dental treatment.
- Rinse the mouth with WATER AND APPLY COLD COMPRESSES to reduce swelling.
- If a parent can find the broken tooth fragment, it is important to TAKE IT TO THE DENTIST.

A PERMANENT TOOTH IS KNOCKED OUT



- Find the tooth. Rinse it gently in cool water.
 DO NOT scrub it or use soap. Fast action can save the tooth.
- REPLACE THE TOOTH in the socket and hold it

 there with clean gauze or a wash cloth. If you cannot put the tooth back in the socket, place the tooth in a clean container, preferably with cold milk. If milk is not available, put it in a container with the child's saliva, but NOT IN WATER
- Take the child and the tooth to your pediatric dental office IMMEDIATELY or call the emergency number if it is after hours.

AN ACTIVITY INVOLVES RISK OF FALLS OR COLLISIONS



- Wear a MOUTH GUARD when activity involves a risk of falls, collisions or contact with hard surfaces or equipment.
- Pre-formed mouth guards can be purchased in sporting goods stores, or CUSTOMIZED MOUTH GUARDS can be made by a pediatric dentist.

